1	Name of Person Filing:
2	Your Address:
2	Your City, State, Zip Code: Your Telephone Number:
3	Attorney Bar Number (if applicable):         Representing:       Self (without legal counsel)
4	Or Legal Counsel for Plaintiff Respondent
5 6	IN THE JUDICIAL COURT OF THE TOHONO O'ODHAM NATION IN THE STATE OF ARIZONA CIVIL DIVISION
7	
8	Plaintiff, ) Case No.:
9	vs. ) SUBPOENA IN A CIVIL CASE
10	Defendant)
11	TO:
12	(Name of Recipient)
	[Select one or more of the following:]
13 14	[] For Attendance of Witnesses at Hearing or Trial
15	<b>YOU ARE ORDERED</b> to appear in the Tohono O'odham Justice Center in Sells, Arizona on the following date and time to testify at [] a hearing [] trial in this case:
16	Date:
17	Time:
18	[] For Taking of Depositions
19 20	<b>YOU ARE ORDERED</b> to appear at the place, date, and time set below to testify at a deposition in this case:
20	Place of Deposition:
21	Address:
22	Date: Time:
23	[] For Production of Documentary Evidence or Inspection of Premises
24	YOU ARE ORDERED, to produce and allow inspection, copying, testing, or sampling
25	of these documents, electronically stored information or tangible things, or to allow the inspection of premises (list):

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2	at the place, date, and time set below:
4	Place of Production or Inspection:
5	Address: Date:
6	Time:
7	Your Duties in Responding To This Subpoena
8	Attendance at a Deposition, Hearing, or Trial. If this subpoena orders you to appear at a deposition, hearing, or trial, you must appear at the place, date, and time in the subpoena.
9	You do not have to appear if the party serving the subpoena excuses you, or if you file a timely motion with the court and the court quashes or modifies the subpoena. See
10	T.O.R.Civ.Pro. Rule 15(e)(2). See also "Your Right to Object to This Subpoena" section below.
11	
12	<b>Production of Documentary Evidence or Inspection of Premises.</b> If this subpoena orders you to produce and allow inspection, copying, testing or sampling of designated
13	documents, electronically stored information, or tangible things, you must make the items available at the place, date, and time set in this subpoena, and in the case of electronically
14	stored information, in the form or forms requested, unless you make a good faith written objection to the party or legal counsel who served the subpoena. <i>See</i> T.O.R.Civ.Pro. Rule
15	15(c)(4). See also "Your Right to Object to This Subpoena" section below.
16	If this subpoena orders you to make certain property available for inspection, you must allow inspection of the property on the date and time set in this subpoena unless you make
17	a good faith written objection to the party or legal counsel who served the subpoena. See T.O.R.Civ.Pro. Rule 15(c)(4). See also "Your Right to Object to This Subpoena" section
18	below.
19	An order to produce certain designated materials, or to allow the inspection of premises, <i>may</i> be combined with an order to appear at a deposition, hearing, or trial. You do not
20	need to appear in person at the place of production or inspection unless the subpoena $a$ states you must appear for and give testimony at a deposition, hearing, or trial. T.O.R.Civ.Pro. Rule 15(c)(2).
21	
22	If the subpoena orders you to produce documents, you must produce the designated
23	documents as kept by you in the usual course of business, or you may organize the documents and label them to match the categories stated in the subpoena. See
24	T.O.R.Civ.Pro. Rule $15(c)(3)$ .
25	

## Your Right to Object to This Subpoena

*Generally.* If you have concerns or questions about this subpoena, you must first contact the party or legal counsel who served the subpoena. The party or legal counsel serving the subpoena must try to avoid imposing an undue burden or expense on you. If you cannot resolve your concern with the party or legal counsel serving the subpoena, you may file an objection with the court. *See* T.O.R.Civ. Pro. Rules 15(e)(1).

Procedure for Objecting to a Subpoena. A subpoena may combine an order to appear at 5 a deposition, hearing, or trial with an order to produce documents, electronically stored information, or tangible things, or to allow inspection of premises. If you wish to object 6 to a subpoena, you must file a motion to quash or modify the subpoena with the court to 7 obtain a court order excusing you from complying with this subpoena. Your motion must clearly say to what part or parts of the subpoena you object. You must file the motion 8 with the Tohono O'odham Court before the time for compliance stated in the subpoena, or within fourteen (14) days after the subpoena is served, whichever is earlier. You must 9 also send a copy of any motion to quash or modify the subpoena to the party or legal counsel who served the subpoena. See T.O.R.Civ. Pro. Rule 15(e). 10

If you object to the subpoena in writing, you do not need to comply with the subpoena until a court orders you to do so. It is up to the party or legal counsel serving the subpoena to first consult with you and engage in good faith efforts to resolve your objection and, if the objection cannot be resolved, to seek an order from the court to compel you to provide the documents or inspection requested, after providing notice to you. *See* T.O.R.Civ. Pro. Rule 15(c)(4)(B).

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Actions by the Court After an Objection is Filed. The court may take the following actions after you properly file a written objection.

<sup>16</sup> The court *must* quash or modify a subpoena if the court finds:

- 17 (1) you are immune from service or enforcement of the subpoena;
- 18 || (2) the subpoend does not allow a reasonable time to comply;
- (3) the subpoena requires disclosure of privileged or other protected matter, if no exception
   or waiver applies; or
- (4) the subpoend causes an undue burden; or
- 21 The court *may* quash or modify a subpoena if the court finds the subpoena:
- 22 (1) requires disclosure of a trade secret or other confidential research, development, or commercial information;
- (2) requires disclosing an unretained expert's opinion or information that does not describe specific occurrences in dispute, and results from the expert's study that were not requested by a party;

(3) requires you to incur substantial travel expense and you are not a party or a party's
 officer; or

1	(4) should be modified or quashed in the interests of justice.
2	In these last four circumstances, a court may, instead of quashing or modifying a subpoena,
3	order your appearance or order the production of material under specified conditions if the serving party or legal counsel shows a substantial need for the testimony or material that
4	cannot be otherwise met without undue hardship.
5	ADA Notification
6	Requests for reasonable accommodation for persons with disabilities must be made to the
7	court by parties at least three (3) working days before a scheduled court proceeding.
8	SIGNED AND SEALED this date
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10	By: Deputy Clerk
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